

## OPEN PROBLEMS

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ABSTRACT. This is a list of open problems compiled from discussion on Saturday, May 17.

- (1) (suggested by Peter Miller) Prove that, in the semiclassical limit, the reflection coefficient for the defocussing DS II equation is  $\mathcal{O}(\varepsilon)$  as  $\varepsilon \downarrow 0$ . Recall that the semiclassical DS II equation is

$$\begin{aligned} i\varepsilon_t + 2\varepsilon^2 \left( \bar{\partial}^2 + \partial^2 \right) q + (g + \bar{g})q &= 0 \\ \bar{\partial}g + \partial(|q|^2) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

- (2) (Suggested by Jim Colliander) Prove global well posedness for the hyperbolic NLS

$$iu_t + (u_{xx} - u_{yy}) = \pm |u|^2 u$$

in two dimensions. See the work of Ben Dodson, who achieved global well-posedness for

$$iu_t + (u_{xx} + u_{yy}) = \pm |u|^2 u$$

(almost) without using energy arguments.

- (3) (suggested by Ken McLaughlin) Use a specific example of a Normal Matrix Model for which the orthogonal polynomials are explicitly known to learn the asymptotic behavior of the solution of the  $\bar{\partial}$  equation.

- (4) (Suggested by Kari Astala) Could someone provide an example of a nonlocal Riemann-Hilbert problem, and carry out the subsequent analysis?

*Remark* One reference is the paper of X. Zhou (*Comm. Math. Phys.* **128** (1990), 551) on the KP I equation and its nonlocal Riemann-Hilbert problem.

- (5) (suggested by Andreas Stahel) Prove global well-posedness for the Novikov-Veselov equation, and also find a precise connection to conservation laws via the inverse scattering transform. Even a proof for small data would be interesting.

*Remark* Some progress on GWP has been made by Perry and Music-Perry, but only for spectrally determined classes of initial data.

- (6) (Suggested by J.-C. Saut) Show that (or disprove) the “lump” solution of KP I is a minimizer of the functional

$$E(u) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^2} \left[ \frac{1}{2} u_x^2 - \frac{u^3}{6} + \frac{1}{2} (\partial_x^{-1} \partial_y u)^2 \right] dx dy$$

over  $u$  with fixed  $L^2$  norm

- (7) (Suggested by Jim Colliander) Prove long-time asymptotics and stability for N-soliton (N finite) wave train emerging from some general class of initial data for the focusing NLS equation. Even for analytic data, this would be appreciated by PDE community.

*Remark* This is a natural application of “Riemann-Hilbert” technology. One should bear in mind Deift-Zhou’s example of Schwarz class initial data for cubic focussing NLS with infinitely many singularities. Can one show that, for analytic initial data, there can be at most finitely many solitons?

- (8) (Suggested by Paolo Santini) Extend Peter Perry’s work on the DS II equation to the following more general nonlinear term: replace  $\bar{\partial}^{-1} \partial (|u|^2)$  by

$$\bar{\partial}^{-1} \partial (|u|^2) + g(z, t)$$

for a given function of  $z$  and  $t$ , meromorphic in  $z$ , with decay properties to be specified.

One is looking for the analogue of the dromion solutions of DS I. The expectation is new solutions which are not exponentially localized.

- (9) (Suggested by Paolo Santini) Find the (temporal) scattering map for the DS-II equation. Is it trivial or not?

*Remark:* Let’s recall the definition of the (temporal) scattering maps. For an evolution equation on a Banach space  $X$  of the form

$$iu_t = Lu + NL(u)$$

where  $L$  is a linear, self-adjoint operator and  $NL(\cdot)$  is the nonlinear term, the corresponding linear equation is

$$iv_t = Lu$$

Suppose that  $u_0$  is Cauchy data for the nonlinear equation, and let  $u(t)$  be the solution of the nonlinear problem. Let  $S(t)$  be the solution operator for the *linear* problem. Suppose that for each  $u_0 \in X$ , there are unique vectors  $v_{\pm}$  in  $X$  with

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{t \rightarrow -\infty} \|u(t) - S(t)v_{-}\| &= 0 \\ \lim_{t \rightarrow +\infty} \|u(t) - S(t)v_{+}\| &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Then the map  $\mathcal{S} : v_{-} \rightarrow v_{+}$  is called the (temporal) *scattering map*.

Similar questions can be asked for other 2+1 equations.

- (10) (suggested by J.-C. Saut) Prove a scattering result for KP II similar to Perry’s result for the DS II equation.
- (11) (suggested by J.-C. Saut) Prove that the localized lump solutions for the focussing DS II equation does not persist in the non-integrable case.
- (12) (suggested by J.-C. Saut) Prove that blow-up for focussing DS II may occur for initial data different from the Ozawa solutions—say for a Gaussian.
- (13) (suggested by J.-C. Saut) Can we solve KP I, KP II, Benjamin-Ono by IST for arbitrary initial data (not just “small” initial data)?